## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

Please amend the claims as follows, where the <u>underlined text</u> indicates an addition, and the <u>strikethrough</u> or [bracketed] text indicates a deletion:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A process comprising the steps of:
  - a) providing a plurality of carbon nanotubes;
  - b) cutting the carbon nanotubes to provide cut carbon nanotubes comprising lengths on the order of tens of nanometers;
  - c) sorting the cut carbon nanotubes by electronic type to provide sorted cut carbon nanotubes;
  - d) <u>selectively</u> docking <u>at least one end of</u> at least some of the sorted cut carbon nanotubes to metal catalyst precursors to form carbon nanotube seeds; and
  - e) growing the carbon nanotube seeds to form a carbon nanotube product of increased length, wherein the carbon nanotube product is of a single electronic type.
- 2. (Original) The process of claim 1, wherein the carbon nanotubes are selected from the group consisting of single-wall carbon nanotubes, multi-wall carbon nanotubes, double-wall carbon nanotubes, and combinations thereof.
- 3. (Original) The process of claim 1, wherein the carbon nanotubes are single-wall carbon nanotubes.
- 4. (Original) The process of claim 3, further comprising a step of cycling some of the single-wall carbon nanotubes product back into the process.
- 5. (Original) The process of claim 3, wherein the single-wall carbon nanotubes are cut by a method selected from the group consisting of partial fluorination, selective ozonation, superacid treatment, and combinations thereof.

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6. (Original) The process of claim 3, further comprising a step of chemically derivatizing the cut single-wall carbon nanotubes.

- 7. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 6, wherein the cut single-wall carbon nanotubes undergo selective chemical derivatization based on electronic type.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 7, wherein the selective chemical derivatization is used to sort the single-wall carbon nanotubes by electronic type, wherein the sorting comprises at least one of selective extraction or selective precipitation of the derivatized single-wall carbon nanotubes.
- 9. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 3, wherein the cut single-wall carbon nanotubes are sorted by electronic type by a method selected from the group consisting of selective chemical functionalization, selective protonation, superacid extraction, and combinations thereof.
- 10. (Original) The process of claim 3, wherein the metal catalyst precursor is a molecular cluster comprising a suitable metal catalyst.
- 11. (Original) The process of claim 3, wherein the metal catalyst precursor is FeMoC.
- 12. (Original) The process of claim 3, wherein the metal catalyst precursor is FeMoC(EtOH).
- 13. (Original) The process of claim 3, wherein docking the sorted cut single-wall carbon nanotube to metal catalyst precursors comprises an initial attachment.
- 14. (Original) The process of claim 11, wherein docking the sorted cut single-wall carbon nanotubes to the metal catalyst precursor comprises a displacement of coordinated water molecules with carboxylic groups on the single-wall carbon nanotube ends during the initial attachment.
- 15. (Original) The process of claim 12, wherein docking the sorted cut single-wall carbon nanotubes to the metal catalyst precursor comprises a displacement of coordinated ethanol molecules with carboxylic groups on the single-wall carbon nanotube ends during the initial attachment.

- 16. (Original) The process of claim 13 further comprising a step of purifying to remove unattached metal catalyst precursors.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 3, wherein docking the sorted cut single-wall carbon nanotubes to the metal catalyst precursor further comprises reducing the metal catalyst precursor to its metallic state in a reducing environment.
- 18. (Original) The process of claim 17, wherein the reducing environment comprises hydrogen.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 1, wherein a growth environment for growing the carbon nanotube seeds comprises a support surface.
- 20. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 3, wherein growing the carbon nanotube seeds comprises an injection process with subsequent nanotube seed aerosol formation.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 1, wherein a growth environment for growing the carbon nanotube seeds comprises CO and H<sub>2</sub>.
- 22. (Cancelled)
- 23. (Currently Amended) A process comprising the steps of:
  - a) providing a plurality of carbon nanotubes , wherein the carbon nanotubes are of a pre-selected chirality and diameter that have been sorted by electronic type;
  - b) forming carbon nanotube seeds from the plurality of carbon nanotubes; and , wherein forming carbon nanotube seeds comprises the steps of:
  - 1) selectively docking a metal catalyst precursor species to at least one end of the carbon nanotubes to form inactive carbon nanotube seeds, and
    - 2) reducing the product of step b1) to form active carbon nanotube seeds; and

- c) growing the carbon nanotube seeds in a growth environment to provide a carbon nanotube product comprising carbon nanotubes of increased length and of the preselected chirality, diameter and a single electronic type.
- 24. (Original) The process of claim 23, wherein the carbon nanotubes are selected from the group consisting of single-wall carbon nanotubes, multi-wall carbon nanotubes, double-wall carbon nanotubes, and combinations thereof.
- 25. (Original) The process of claim 23, wherein the carbon nanotubes are single-wall carbon nanotubes.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 25, wherein the single-wall carbon nanotube product is utilized for hydrogen storage, wherein the hydrogen storage comprises an adsorption of hydrogen molecules on or within the single-wall carbon nanotube.
- 27. (Previously Cancelled)
- 28. (Cancelled)
- 29. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 23, further comprising a step of cutting the single-wall carbon nanotubes of pre-selected chirality and diameter with a cutting process so as to provide cut single-wall carbon nanotubes with lengths on the order of tens of nanometers.
- 30. (Original) The process of claim 29, wherein the single-wall carbon nanotubes are cut by a method selected from the group consisting of partial fluorination, selective ozonation, superacid treatment, and combinations thereof.
- 31. (Original) The process of claim 28, wherein the metal catalyst precursor is a molecular cluster comprising a suitable metal catalyst.
- 32. (Original) The process of claim 28, wherein the metal catalyst precursor is FeMoC.
- 33. (Original) The process of claim 28, wherein the metal catalyst precursor is FeMoC(EtOH).

- 34. (Original) The process of claim 28, wherein the metal catalyst precursor is an organometallic species.
- 35. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 28, wherein the reducing environment comprises hydrogen.
- 36. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 23, wherein a growth environment for growing the carbon nanotube seeds comprises a support surface.
- 37. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 25, wherein placing the single-wall carbon nanotube seeds in a growth environment comprises an injection process with subsequent nanotube seed aerosol formation.
- 38. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 23, wherein a growth environment for growing the carbon nanotube seeds comprises CO and H<sub>2</sub>.
- 39. (Withdrawn) A composition comprising:
  - a) a functionalized carbon nanotube; and
  - b) a metal-containing compound attached to at least one end of the carbon nanotube, wherein the metal-containing compound comprises functionality that is complementary to functionality of the carbon nanotube end.
- 40. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 39, wherein the carbon nanotube is a single-wall carbon nanotube.
- 41. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 39, wherein the metal-containing compound is a catalyst precursor.
- 42. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 39, wherein the metal containing compound is a metal cluster.
- 43. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 39, wherein the metal-containing compound contains elements selected from the group consisting of iron, chromium, molybdenum, nickel, cobalt, and combinations thereof.

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44. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 39, wherein the metal-containing compound is a transition metal oxide.

- 45. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 42, wherein the metal cluster is FeMoC.
- 46. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 40, wherein the single walled carbon nanotube is side-wall functionalized with sidewall functional group moieties to inhibit further reaction at the side walls.
- 47. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 40, wherein the single walled carbon nanotube is side-wall functionalized with sidewall functional group moieties to enhance solubility and separation.
- 48. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 40, wherein the single walled carbon nanotube is side-wall functionalized with sidewall functional group moieties to prevent roping.
- 49. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 46, wherein the side-wall functional group moieties are selected from the group consisting of halogen, nitro, cyano, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, carboxylic ester, carboxylic acid, thiocarbonate, sulfonate, amide, alkoxy, polyether, hydroxyl, and combinations thereof.
- 50. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 39, wherein the carbon nanotube has been endfunctionalized to allow chemical bonding to the metal-containing compound.
- 51. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 39, wherein the metal-containing compound has been functionalized to allow chemical bonding to the carbon nanotube.
- 52. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 50, wherein the carbon nanotube has been functionalized with carboxylate groups.
- 53. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 52, wherein the metal-containing compound contains complementary functional groups.

- 54. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 50, wherein the metal-containing compound comprises leaving groups that allow for the reaction between the metal-containing compound and the carbon nanotube to occur.
- 55. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 54, wherein the leaving groups are chosen from the group consisting of methanol, ethanol, alcohol, amine, thiol, ketone, dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO), tetrahydrofuran (THF), and combinations thereof.
- 56. (Withdrawn) A method of making the composition of claim 39 comprising the steps of:
  - a) functionalizing at least one end of a carbon nanotube;
  - b) functionalizing a metal-containing compound with functionality that is complementary to that of the carbon nanotube end; and
  - c) attaching the carbon nanotube to a metal-containing compound through such complementary functionality.
- 57. (Withdrawn) A method comprising the steps of:
  - a) functionalizing carbon nanotubes to protect their sidewalls from further reaction and to produce individual carbon nanotubes;
  - b) functionalizing the carbon nanotubes at their ends;
  - c) functionalizing a quantity of metal-containing compound with functionality that is complementary to that of the carbon nanotube ends; and
  - d) reacting the carbon nanotubes and metal-containing compound to generate carbon nanotube-cluster complexes.
- 58. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 57, wherein the step of reacting involves a coupling selected from the group consisting of acid-base complexation, ligand exchange, an oxidative addition reaction, a condensation reaction, and combinations thereof.
- 59. (Withdrawn) A composition of matter comprising:

- a) a functionalized carbon nanotube;
- b) a metal-containing compound attached to at least one end of the carbon nanotube, wherein the metal-containing compound comprises functionality that is complementary to functionality of the carbon nanotube end; and
- c) a support material on which the carbon nanotube and the metal-containing compound reside.
- 60. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 59, wherein the carbon nanotube is attached to the support.
- 61. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 59, wherein the transition metal compound is attached to the support.
- 62. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 59, wherein the support is used as a catalyst support for the growth of nanotubes.
- 63. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 59, wherein the support has a functionalized surface.
- 64. (Withdrawn) A process comprising:
  - a) reacting a sidewall-functionalized carbon nanotube with a metal-containing compound; and
  - b) heating the product from the reaction between the carbon nanotube and the metalcontaining compound under conditions to convert the functionalized carbon nanotube to an unfunctionalized carbon nanotube.
- 65. (Withdrawn) A process comprising:
  - a) reacting a sidewall-functionalized carbon nanotube with a metal-containing compound;

- b) heating the product from the reaction between the carbon nanotube and the metalcontaining compound under conditions to convert the functionalized carbon nanotube to an unfunctionalized carbon nanotube; and
- c) converting the metal-containing compound to a metal particle.
- 66. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 65 further comprising a step of exposing to a reagent that allows amplification of the carbon nanotube.
- 67. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 65, wherein the amplification of the carbon nanotube is homogenous with respect to type.
- 68. (Withdrawn) A method comprising the steps of:
  - a) preparing a mixture of H<sub>3</sub>[P(Mo<sub>2</sub>O<sub>10</sub>)<sub>4</sub>], FeCl<sub>2</sub>, Na<sub>2</sub>MoO<sub>4</sub>, and CH<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H; and
  - b) reacting the mixture components to form FeMoC.
- 69. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 68, wherein the mixture is prepared as an aqueous soulution.
- 70. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 69 further comprising a step of reducing the mixture to dryness after the mixture components have reacted to form the FeMoC.
- 71. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 70 further comprising a step of purifying, wherein the FeMoC is purified via Soxhlet extraction.
- 72. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 71, wherein the Soxhlet extraction is done with ethanol.
- 73. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 72, wherein the purified FeMoC is FeMoC(EtOH).
- 74. (Currently Amended) A method comprising the steps of:
  - a) providing a cut carbon nanotube sorted by electronic type with end functionality;

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- b) <u>selectively docking attaching</u> a FeMoC(EtOH) metal cluster to an end of the carbon nanotube;
- c) docking reducing the product of step b) to form an active carbon nanotube seed; and
- d) exposing the active carbon nanotube seed to growth conditions to form a carbon nanotube product of increased length and a single electronic type.
- 75. (Original) The method of claim 74, wherein the carbon nanotube is a single-wall carbon nanotube.
- 76. (Original) The process of claim 23, wherein the step of forming carbon nanotube seeds comprises disposing on the sidewalls of the carbon nanotubes a quantity of bonded metal catalyst precursor material sufficient to provide active catalyst metal atom clusters for growing carbon nanotubes under conditions that promote the generation of metal atoms and the migration of said metal atoms to the free ends of the said carbon nanotubes.
- 77. (Original) The process of claim 76, wherein the carbon nanotubes are selected from the group consisting of single-wall carbon nanotubes, multi-wall carbon nanotubes, double-wall carbon nanotubes, and combinations thereof.
- 78. (Original) The process of claim 76, wherein the carbon nanotubes are single-wall carbon nanotubes.